

Revised April 2020

Oklahoma: Opioid-Involved Deaths and Related Harms

Drug-Involved Overdose Deaths

In the U.S., there were 67,367 drug overdose deaths reported in 2018, 4.1% fewer deaths than in 2017.

- The age-adjusted rate declined by 4.6% to 20.7 per 100,000 standard population.¹ The decline follows an increasing trend in the rate from 6.1 in 1999 to 21.7 in 2017.
- Opioids were involved in 46,802 (a rate of 14.6) overdose deaths in 2018—nearly 70% of all overdose deaths.
- Deaths involving synthetic opioids other than methadone (including fentanyl and fentanyl analogs) continued to rise with more than 28,400 (a rate of 9.9) overdose deaths in 2018.
- The number of deaths involving prescription opioids declined to 14,975 (a rate of 4.6) in 2018 and those involving heroin dropped to 14,996 (a rate of 4.7).²

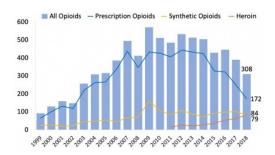


Figure 1. Number of overdose deaths involving opioids in Oklahoma, by opioid category. Drug categories presented are not mutually exclusive, and deaths may have involved more than one substance. Source: CDC WONDER, 2020.

In Oklahoma, an estimated 43% of drug overdose deaths involved opioids in 2018 totaling more than 308 fatalities (a rate of 7.8) (Figure 1).

- Among opioid-involved deaths, those involving heroin or synthetic opioids other than methadone (mainly fentanyl and fentanyl analogs) remained steady with a respective 84 (a rate of 2.2) and 79 (a rate of 2.0) deaths reported in 2018.
- Deaths involving prescription opioids declined from 251 in 2017 to 172 (a rate of 4.3) deaths in 2018.?³

Opioid Prescriptions

In 2018, Oklahoma providers wrote 79.1 opioid prescriptions for every 100 persons—compared to average U.S. rate of 51.4 prescriptions.⁴

Neonatal Abstinence Syndrome (NAS)/Neonatal Opioid Withdrawal Syndrome (NOWS)

NAS or NOWS may occur when a woman uses opioids during pregnancy. To date, there is no standard in NAS/NOWS provider and hospital coding practices.⁵ As a result, there is variability in the

rates reported by states.

- The national incidence rate of NAS/NOWS in 2016 was 7 cases per 1,000 hospital births. 6-7
- The highest rates were reported among American Indian/Alaska Native (15.9 per 1,000 births) and White Non-Hispanic (10.5 per 1,000 births) individuals.
- In 2016, hospital costs for NAS/NOWS births totaled \$572.7 million, after adjusting for inflation.8
- The incidence rate of NAS/NOWS in Oklahoma in 2017 was 6.8 cases per 1,000 hospital births and is the most recent data available. 6-7

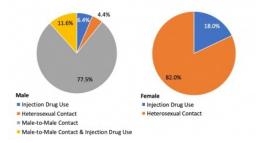


Figure 2. Oklahoma: Estimated percent of male vs. female with new HIV diagnoses, by transmission category, 2017. Percentages may not add up to 100% due to rounding. Source: CDC NCHHSTP, AtlasPlus.

New HIV Diagnoses⁹ and Prevalence Attributed to Injection Drug Use (IDU)

- U.S. New Diagnoses: In 2017, 9.7% (3,690) of the 38,226 new HIV diagnoses were attributed to IDU. Among males, 8.6% (2,655) of new diagnoses were transmitted via IDU or male-to-male sexual contact and IDU. Among females, 14.2% (1,035) of new diagnoses were transmitted via IDU.
- U.S. Prevalence: In 2017, more than 1 million Americans were living with a diagnosed HIV infection—a rate of 367.7. Among males, 16.4% (125,274) contracted HIV from IDU or male-to-male sexual contact and IDU. Among females, 20.8% (49,288) were living with HIV attributed to IDU.¹⁰

- **State New Diagnoses:** Of the new HIV diagnoses in 2017, 299 occurred in Oklahoma—a rate of 9.2. Among males, 18.0% of new HIV diagnoses were attributed to IDU or male-to-male sexual contact and IDU. Among females, 18.0% of new HIV diagnoses were attributed to IDU (Figure 2). 10
- **State Prevalence:** In 2017, 6,216 persons were living with a diagnosed HIV infection in Oklahoma—a rate of 127.3. Of those, 14.5% of male cases were attributed to IDU or male-to-male sexual contact and IDU. Among females, 20.5% were living with HIV attributed to IDU. ¹⁰

Hepatitis C (HCV) Incidence and Prevalence Attributed to IDU¹¹

- **U.S. Incidence:** In 2017, there were an estimated 44,700 new cases of acute HCV. Among case reports that contained information about IDU, 86.6% indicated IDU prior to onset of acute, symptomatic HCV. 12
- U.S. Prevalence: An estimated 2.4 million Americans are living with HCV (based on 2013-2016 annual average). 12
- State Incidence: In 2017, 46 cases of acute HCV (a rate of 1.2) were reported in Oklahoma. 10
- **State Prevalence**: In Oklahoma, there are an estimated 53,300 persons living with HCV (a rate of 1,820 based on 2013-2016 annual average). ¹³

References

- 1. Rates are age-adjusted per 100,000 standard population unless otherwise noted.
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- 7. Comparisons with earlier estimates are difficult because of the ICD-10-CM transition in 2015.
- 8. Strahan AE, Guy Jr. GP, Bohm M, et al. Neonatal Abstinence Syndrome Incidence and Health Care Costs in the United States, 2016. JAMA Pediatrics. 2020;174(2):200-202.
- 9. The term refers to people diagnosed with HIV infection, regardless of the stage of disease at diagnosis.
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention (NCHHSTP) AtlasPlus. (2020, January 30). Retrieved from https://gis.cdc.gov/grasp/nchhstpatlas/main.html.
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- 13. HepVu. Local Data: Oklahoma. Retrieved from https://hepvu.org/state/Oklahoma/

April 3, 2020